^{117TH CONGRESS} 1ST SESSION H.R. 2192

AUTHENTICATED U.S. GOVERNMENT INFORMATION

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To provide for recovery by individuals who were stationed, lived, or worked at Camp Lejeune, for certain actions of omissions by the United States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 26, 2021

Mr. CARTWRIGHT (for himself, Mr. MURPHY of North Carolina, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Ms. Adams, Mr. Budd, Mr. Butterfield, Mr. Hastings, Mr. Hudson, Mr. Lieu, Ms. Manning, Mr. McHenry, Ms. Norton, Mr. Raskin, Ms. Ross, and Mr. Rouzer) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To provide for recovery by individuals who were stationed, lived, or worked at Camp Lejeune, for certain actions of omissions by the United States.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Camp Lejeune Justice5 Act of 2021".

SEC. 2. FEDERAL CAUSE OF ACTION RELATING TO WATER AT CAMP LEJEUNE.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—An individual, including a veteran, or the legal representative of such an individual, who 4 5 resided, worked, or was otherwise exposed (including in utero exposure) for not less than 30 days during the pe-6 7 riod beginning August 1, 1953, and ending December 31, 8 1987, to water at Camp Lejeune that was supplied by the 9 United States or on its behalf may bring an action in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of 10 North Carolina to obtain appropriate relief for harm 11 12 which-

- 13 (1) was caused by exposure to the water;
- 14 (2) was associated with exposure to the water;
- 15 (3) was linked to exposure to the water; or
- 16 (4) the exposure to the water increased the like-17 lihood of such harm.

18 (b) BURDEN AND STANDARD OF PROOF.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The burden of proof shall be
on the party filing the action to show one or more
relationship between the water and the harm described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection
(a) by a preponderance of the evidence.

(2) USE OF STUDIES.—A study conducted on
humans or animals, or from an epidemiological
study, which ruled out chance and bias with reason-

able confidence and which concluded, with sufficient
 evidence, that exposure to the water described in
 subsection (a) is one possible cause of the harm,
 shall be sufficient to satisfy the burden of proof de scribed under paragraph (1).

6 (c) EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION AND VENUE.—The 7 district court for the Eastern District of North Carolina 8 shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any action under this 9 section, and shall be the exclusive venue for such an ac-10 tion. Nothing in this subsection shall impair any party's 11 right to a trial by jury.

12 (d) EXCLUSIVE REMEDY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual who brings an
action under this section for an injury, including a
latent disease, may not thereafter bring a tort action
pursuant to any other law against the United States
for such harm.

18 (2) NO EFFECT ON DISABILITY BENEFITS.—
19 Any award under this section shall have not impede
20 or limit the individual's continued or future entitle21 ment to disability awards, payments, or benefits
22 under any Veteran's Administration program.

(e) IMMUNITY LIMITATION.—The United States maynot assert any claim to immunity in an action under this

section which would otherwise be available under section
 2680(a) of title 28, United States Code.

3 (f) NO PUNITIVE DAMAGES.—Punitive damages may4 not be awarded in any action under this Act.

5 (g) DISPOSITION BY FEDERAL AGENCY RE6 QUIRED.—An individual may not bring an action under
7 this section prior to complying with section 2675 of title
8 28, United States Code.

9 (h) ATTORNEY FEES.—Attorney fees for services
10 provided to an individual seeking a remedy under this sec11 tion shall be in accordance with section 2678 of title 28,
12 United States Code.

(i) EXCEPTION FOR COMBATANT ACTIVITIES.—This
section does not apply to any claim or action arising out
of the combatant activities of the Armed Forces.

16 (j) PERIOD FOR FILING.—

17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The statute of limitations
18 for an action under this section is the later of—

19 (A) 2 years from the date on which the
20 harm occurred or was discovered, whichever is
21 later; or

(B) 180 days from the date on which the
claim is denied under section 2675 of title 28,
United States Code.

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1	(2) Special Rule.—In the case of harm which
2	was discovered prior to the date of the enactment of
3	this section, the statute of limitations is the later
4	of—
5	(A) 2 years after the date of the enactment
6	of this section; or
7	(B) 180 days from the date on which the
8	claim is denied under section 2675 of title 28,
9	United States Code.
10	(3) STATUTE OF REPOSE.—Any applicable stat-
11	ute of repose does not apply to claims under this
12	Act.
13	(k) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act shall apply to—
14	(1) a claim arising on or after the date of the
15	enactment of this Act; and
16	(2) a claim arising before the date of the enact-
17	ment of this Act, if filed within two years of the date
18	of enactment.

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